

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)
Revision Date Jan 05, 2022

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name ELECTROSOLV 212

CAS-No. -

Product code GN1039

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Chemical for analysis and production.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company RCI LABSCAN LIMITED.

24 Rama 1 Road, Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330 Thailand

Telephone number (662) 613-7911-4 Fax number (662) 613-7915

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency phone (662) 613-7911-4

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flammable liquids (Category 3), H226

Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332

Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 4), H312

Skin corrosion (Category 1A), H314

Eye irritation (Category 2), H319

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Respiratory system, H335

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure), (Category 2), H373

Aspiration hazard (Category 1), H304

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 2.2 Label elements

## Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Pictogram









Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 + H332 Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Precautionary statement
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P210 Ke	eep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash hand thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water [or shower].

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P319 Get medical help if you feel unwell.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P337 + P317 If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

## 2.3 Other hazards None

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.1 Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2 Mixture

Component	CAS-No	Formula	Concentration (Weight %)	Classification
Xylene	1330-20-7	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	60-70	Flammable liquids (Category 3), H226 Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332 Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 4), H312 Skin irritation (Category 2), H315 Eye irritation (Category 2), H319 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Respiratory system, H335 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure), (Category 2), H373 Aspiration hazard (Category 1), H304
Acetic acid	64-19-7	СН₃СООН	30-40	Flammable liquid (Category 3), H226 Skin corrosion (Category 1A), H314 Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Inhalation Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. Keep patient warm. In case of

shortness of breath, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose.

Use suitable instruments/apparatus.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin with soap and water. Dab with

polyethylene glycol 400. If signs of poisoning appear, treat as for inhalation. Obtain medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated combustible

material, e.g. clothing ignites more readily and burns fiercely.

Eye contact If the substance has got into the eyes, immediately wash out with plenty of water at least

15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Keep patient warm. In case of shortness of breath,

give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in section 2.2 and section 11

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

After swallowing, caution if victim vomits. Risk of aspiration. Keep airways free. Subsequently administer; Activate charcoal 20-40 g in 10% slurry. No alcohol.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing media

Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air at ambient temperature. Flash back possible over considerable distance.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

## 5.4 Further information

Standard procedure for chemical fires. Take measures to prevent electrostatic charging. Prevent firefighting water from entering surface water or groundwater.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear a positive-pressure supplied-air respirator, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Shut off leaks if without risk. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Contain or absorb leaking liquid with sand or earth, consults an expert. Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits. If substance has entered a water course or sewer or contaminated soil, advise police.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spillage: May react with combustible substances creating fire or explosion hazard and formation of toxic fumes. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel or chemical absorbent pads). Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits; vapor may create explosive atmosphere. Transfer to covered steel drums. Dispose of promptly.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see Section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep container tightly closed. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not empty into drains.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep tightly closed in a dry, cool and well ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from incompatible materials. Store in original container. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Ventilation hoods and fans required when working with organic solvents or in hot melt applications.

# Individual protection measures (Personal protective equipment, PPE) Eye/face protection

Goggles giving complete protection to eyes.

## Skin protection

Chemical resistant apron / flame retardant antistatic protective clothing, heavy duty work shoes.

Handle with gloves

- Full contact wears gloves from viton material.
- Splash contact wears gloves from nitrile rubber material.

The select protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686 EEC and standard EN 374 derived from it.

## Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Required when vapor/aerosols are generated filter A (EN 141 or EN 14387).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits.

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Form Liquid Colorless : Color Odour Aromatic Odour Threshold Not Available Not Available pΗ Melting point/range Not Available Boiling point/range Not Available Flash point Not Available Evaporation rate Not Available Flammability (solid, gas) Not Available Explosion limits: lower Not Available Not Available upper

Vapor Pressure

Relative Vapor Density

Not Available

Not Available

Not Available

Density 0.920 - 0.924 g/ml at 20°C

Water solubility
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)
Not Available
Auto-Ignition temperature
Not Available
Decomposition Temperature
Viscosity
Not Available
Explosive properties
Not Explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Inflammable.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion in contact with nitric acid, uranium hexafluoride, hydrogen peroxide, chromium (VI)-oxide, potassium permanganate, sodium peroxide, perchloric acid, phosphorus trichloride.

The substance can react dangerously with strong oxidizing agent, conc. sulfuric acid, sulfur, alcohols, strong oxidizing agents, strong lyes, alkali hydroxide, strong acids, nitric acid, 2-aminoethanol, ammonium nitrate (heat), bromine pentafluoride, chlorosulfuric acid, dichromate-sulfuric acid, diaminoethane, acetic anhydride, ethylene glycol, potassium-tert butoxide, oleum.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agent, conc. sulfuric acid, nitric acid, uranium hexafluoride, sulfur, anhydrides/water, aldehydes, alcohols, halogen-halogen compounds, oxidizing agent, chromium(VI)-oxide, potassium permanganate, peroxide compounds, perchloric acid, chromosulfuric acid, metal (iron, zinc, magnesium are generation of hydrogen), alkali hydroxides, nonmetallic halides, ethanolamine.

Unsuitable working materials: various plastic, rubber and various metals.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Acetic acid vapors, Carbon oxides (Hazardous decomposition products from under fire condition).

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Mixture**

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not Available

#### **Acute oral toxicity**

Burns in oesophagus and stomach. Gastric spasms, bloody vomiting, dyspnoea. Risk of perforation in the oesophagus and stomach. Pulmonary failure possible after aspiration of vomit. Shock, cardiovascular failure, acidosis, Damage of kidneys.

## Acute inhalation toxicity

Irritation symptoms in the respiratory tract. Pneumonia bronchitis. Inhalation may lead to the formation of oedemas in the respiratory tract.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Burns

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Burns of mucous membranes. Risk of blindness and corneal clouding.

## Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not Available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not Available

## Carcinogenicity

Not Available

## Reproductive toxicity

Not Available

## Teratogenicity

Not Available

## Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

Not Available

## Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Not Available

## **Aspiration hazard**

Not Available

#### **Further information**

The product should be handled with the care usual when dealing with chemicals.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Mixture**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Not Available

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#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Not Available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not Available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Not Available

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

Biological effects; Harmful effect on aquatic organisms. Harmful effect due to pH shift. Caustic even in diluted form.

Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

There are no uniform EC Regulations for the disposal of chemicals or residues. Chemical residues generally count as special waste. The disposal of the latter is regulated in the EC member countries through corresponding law and regulations. We recommend that you contact either the authorities in charge or approved waste disposal companies which will advise you on how to dispose of special waste or burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations.

#### Contaminated packaging

Disposal in compliance with official regulations. Handle contaminated packaging as hazardous waste in the same way of the substance itself. If not officially specified differently, non-contaminated packaging may be treated like household waste or recycled.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Land Transport (ADR/RID)

UN Number 2924

UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (XYLENES, ACETIC

ACID)

Transport hazard class(es) 3 (8)
Packing group III
Environmental hazards No
Special precautions for user Yes

Sea transport (IMDG)

UN Number 2924

UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (XYLENES, ACETIC

ACID)

Transport hazard class(es) 3 (8)
Packing group III
Marine pollutant No
Special precautions for user Yes
EmS F-E S-C

Air transport (IATA)

UN Number 2924

UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (XYLENES, ACETIC

ACID)

Transport hazard class(es) 3 (8)

Packing group III
Environmental hazards No
Special precautions for user No

#### River transport (AND/ADNR)

(Not examined)

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Not Available

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 + H332	Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Recommended restrictions**

Take notice of labels and safety data sheets for the working. Chemicals Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge.

## Reference

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

Labelling according to EC Directives 67/548 EEC and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Transportation information according to Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Model Regulations. Twelfth revised edition. United Nations.

Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the German Social Accident Insurance in Sankt Augustin/Germany, Source: IFA for Databases on hazardous substances (GESTIS).

#### **Further information**

Contact to RCI Labscan Limited.

#### **Revision Date**

05/01/2022

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process unless specified in the text.

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