

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) Revision Date Jul 01, 2021

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

| Product name | NITRIC ACID 97% Fuming | |
|--------------|------------------------|--|
| CAS-No. | 7697-37-2 | |
| Product code | AR1135 | |

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Identified uses Chemical for analysis and production.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Company | RCI LABSCAN LIMITED. |
|------------------|---|
| | 24 Rama 1 Road, Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330 Thailand |
| Telephone number | (662) 613-7911-4 |
| Fax number | (662) 613-7915 |
| | |

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number Emergency phone

(662) 613-7911-4

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Oxidizing liquids (Category 3), H272 Corrosive to metals (Category 1), H290 Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3), H331 Skin corrosion (Category 1A), H314 Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318 For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

| Hazard statement(s) H272 H290 | May intensify fire; oxidizer. May be corrosive to metals. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled. |
| EUH071 | Corrosive to the respiratory tract. |
| Precautionary statement(s) | |
| P210 | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| P220 | Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. |
| P234 | Keep only in original packaging. |
| P260 | Do not breathe fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. |
| P264 | Wash hand thoroughly after handling. |

| P271 | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. |
|--------------------|--|
| P280 | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| P301 + P330 + P331 | IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. |
| P302 + P361 + P354 | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. |
| P304 + P340 | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. |
| P305 + P354 + P338 | IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact |
| | lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| P316 | Get emergency medical help immediately. |
| P363 | Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| P390 | Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage. |
| P403 + P233 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| P406 | Store in corrosion resistant/ container with a resistant inner liner. |
| | |

2.3 Other hazards

None

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

| Synonyms | Nitrous fume | es, Red fuming nitric | acid | | |
|-----------|--------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|
| CAS-No | EC-No | EC-Index-No | Formula | Molecular Weight | Weight % |
| 7697-37-2 | 231-714-2 | 007-004-00-1 | HNO ₃ | 63.01 g/mol | 97 |

Hazardous ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

| Component | Concentration | Classification |
|--------------------------|---------------|---|
| Nitric acid | | |
| CAS-No 7697-37-2 | 97% | Oxidizing liquids (Category 3), H272 |
| EC-No 231-714-2 | | Corrosive to metals (Category 1), H290 |
| EC-Index-No 007-004-00-1 | | Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3), H331 |
| | | Skin corrosion (Category 1A), H314 |
| | | Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318 |

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

| General advice Inhalation | Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. Keep patient warm. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus. |
|------------------------------|--|
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin with soap and water. Dab with polyethylene glycol 400. If signs of poisoning appear, treat as for inhalation. Obtain medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| Eye contact | If the substance has got into the eyes, immediately wash out with plenty of water at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention. |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Keep patient warm. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in section 2.2 and section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at the most), avoid vomiting, risk of perforation. Immediately call in physician. Do not attempt to neutralize.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

In adaption to materials stored in the immediate neighborhood.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible. Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapors. Hydrogen may form upon contact with metals (danger of explosion). The following may develop in event of fire: nitrogen oxide.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Do not stay in dangerous zone without self-contained breathing apparatus. In order to avoid contact with skin, keep a safety distance and wear suitable protective clothing.

5.4 Further information

Contain escaping vapors with water. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering surface water or ground water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear a positive-pressure supplied-air respirator, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Shut off leaks if without risk. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Contain or absorb leaking liquid with sand or earth, consults an expert. Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits. If substance has entered a water course or sewer or contaminated soil, advise police.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spillage : soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel or chemical absorbent pads). Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits; vapor may create explosive atmosphere. Transfer to covered drums. Dispose of promptly.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Content may be under pressure. Due to the chemical properties of nitric acid, nitrogen oxides may develop on exposure to light. Provision of good ventilation in the working area. The floor must be acid resistant. Suitable material: Glass, stainless steel, iron, aluminium, polyvinyl chloride, polytetrafluoro ethylene PTFE (Teflon). Unsuitable material: Copper, nickel alloys, nickel, silver, tin and some iron alloys. Do not leave container open. Do not transport together with incompatible substances. Filter the solutions only with glass wool, glass chips, or ceramic filters. Do not use any filtration materials made of paper which risks ignition after drying.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from heat, water and incompatible materials. Requirements for containers, no metal containers. Keep at a distance from sources of ignition (e.g. electrical devices, open flames, heat sources, sparks). Keep away from combustible materials.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

The product should only be used in ventilation hoods and fans.

Individual protection measures (Personal protective equipment, PPE)

Eye/face protection

Goggles giving complete protection to eyes.

Skin protection

Chemical resistant apron / corrosive protective clothing, heavy duty work shoes. Handle with gloves

- Splash contact wears gloves from butyl rubber material.

The select protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686 EEC and standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Required when vapor/aerosols are generated filter E-P2 (EN 141 or EN 14387).

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance: From | Liquid |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| : Color | Colorless to yellow |
| Odour | Pungent |
| Odour Threshold | Not Available |
| рН | <1 at 20ºC |
| Melting point/range | -43.5 °C |
| Boiling point/range | 85.2 °C |
| Flash point | Not Available |
| Evaporation rate | Not Available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not Available |
| Explosion limits: lower | Not Available |
| upper | Not Available |
| Vapor Pressure | ~56 hPa at 20ºC |
| Relative Vapor Density | ~2.04 |
| Density | 1.49 g/ml at 20°C |
| Water solubility | Soluble at 20°C (development of heat) |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | log Pow; -2.3 |
| Auto-Ignition temperature | Not Available |

Decomposition Temperature Viscosity Explosive properties Oxidizing properties Not Available ~0.746 mPa.s Not Explosive May intensify fire; oxidizer.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Strong oxidizing agent.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion in contact with: alcohols, fluorine, reducing agents, oxidizing agents, organic substances, acetone, acetonitrile, alkali acetylides, formic acid, aminopropandiol, aminothiazole/acid, aniline (self-ignition possible), antimony hydride, hydrogen arsenide, cotton, benzidine, benzene, calcium phosphide, cellulose, chlorobenzene, 4-chloronitroaniline, cyclohexanol, cyclohexylamine, cyclopentadiene, 1,2-dichloroethane, dichloromethane, diethyl ether (anhydrous), dimethylhydrazine, dinitrobenzene, dimethyl sulfide, dioxane; divinyl ether, acetic acid, acetic anhydride, ethylene glycol (heat), 5-ethyl-2-methylpyridine (heat), formic aldehyde, 2-formamido-1-phenyl-1,3-propanediol, glycerol/sulfuric acid, rubber, fuels, hexanol, hydrazine, hydrazones, potassium chlorate + organic substances, potassium permanganate + alcohol, coal, hydrocarbons, copper, lithium silicide, organic solvents, manganese (rarely), metal cyanides, metal powders, mesitylene (heat), methylcyclohexanone, methylethylpyridine (rarely), nitrobenzene/ sulfuric acid, nitrochloroaniline, nitromethane, nitrotoluene, organic substances + sulfuric acid, petroleum, phosphorus trichloride, hydrogen phosphide, phthalic anhydride/sulfuric acid, pyrocatechol, mercury nitrate/ ethanol, sulfur dioxide (rarely), hydrogen telluride, tetraborane, thiocyanates, titanium, toluene, triazine/trifluoroacetic anhydride, hydrogen peroxide/mercury oxide, p-xylol (rarely), cellulose containing products, tin (rarely), sugars.

The substance can react dangerously with: amines, ammonia, combustable substances, potassium, lithium, sodium, reducing agents, acrylonitrile, formic acid, antimony, arsenic, boron, bromine pentafluoride, butanthiol, chlorine trifluoride, crotonaldehyde, iron (II)-oxide (powder), ethylaniline, furfuryl alcohol, germanium, glycerol / hydrochloric or hydrofluoric acid, hydrogen iodide, copper (I)-nitride, magnesium (heat), magnesium phosphides, mellitic acid, methyl thiophene, sodium hydride, sodium hypochlorite, phenylenediamine, phosphonium iodide, polypropylene, pyridine, sawdust, sulfur halogenides, conc. sulfuric acid, hydrogen sulfide, selenium, hydrogen selenide, thiols, thiophene, triethylamine, uranium, uranium disulfide, bismuth, xylidine.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Organic combustible substances, oxidizable substances, organic solvents, alcohols, ketones, aldehydes, anhydrides, amines, anilines, nitriles, organic nitro compounds, hydrazine and derivatives, acetylidane, metals (generation of hydrogen), metal alloys, metallic oxides, alkali metals, alkaline earth metals, ammonia, alkalis, acids, hydrides, halogens, halogens compounds, nonmetallic oxides, nonmetallic halides, nonmetallic hydrogen compounds, nonmetals, phosphides, nitrides, lithium silicide, hydrogen peroxide.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrogen, nitrous gases (Hazardous decomposition products from under contact with metals). Danger of explosion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not Available

Acute oral toxicity

Symptoms: tissues damage (mouth, oesophagus and gastrointestinal tract) strong pain (risk of perforation), bloody vomiting, death.

Acute inhalation toxicity

Symptoms:burns of mucous membranes, coughing, and dyspnoea. Inhalation may lead to the formation of oedemas in the respiratory tract.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Severe burns.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Burns, Risk of blindness.

Respiratory or skin sensitization Not Available

Germ cell mutagenicity Bacterial mutagenicity; Ames test is negative.

Carcinogenicity Not Available

Reproductive toxicity Not Available

Teratogenicity Not Available

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure Not Available

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure Not Available

Aspiration hazard Not Available

Further information Strong corrosive substance. The product should be handled with the care usual when dealing with chemicals.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity Toxicity to fish

LC50 Gambusia affinis: 72 mg/l/96h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not Available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

log Pow: -2.3(experimental). No bioaccumulation is to be expected (log P o/w <1)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Not Available

12.5 Other adverse effects

Harmful effect on aquatic organisms. Toxic effect on fish and plankton. Harmful effect due to pH shift. Forms corrosive mixtures with water even if diluted. Does not cause biological oxygen deficit. Hazard for drinking water supplies. Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

There are no uniform EC Regulations for the disposal of chemicals or residues. Chemical residues generally count as special waste. The disposal of the latter is regulated in the EC member countries through corresponding law and regulations. We recommend that you contact either the authorities in charge or approved waste disposal companies which will advise you on how to dispose of special waste or burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Disposal in compliance with official regulations. Handle contaminated packaging as hazardous waste in the same way of the substance itself. If not officially specified differently, non-contaminated packaging may be treated like household waste or recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| Land Transport (ADR/RID) | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| UN Number | 2032 |
| UN proper shipping name | NITRIC ACID, RED FUMING |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 8 (5.1, 6.1) |
| Packing group | 1 |
| Environmental hazards | No |
| Special precautions for user | Yes |
| Sea transport (IMDG) | |
| UN Number | 2032 |
| UN proper shipping name | NITRIC ACID, RED FUMING |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 8 (5.1, 6.1) |
| Packing group | I |
| Marine pollutant | No |
| Special precautions for user | Yes |
| EmS | F-A S-Q |
| Air transport (IATA) | |
| UN Number | 2032 |
| UN proper shipping name | NITRIC ACID, RED FUMING |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 8 (5.1, 6.1) |
| Packing group | 1 |
| Environmental hazards | No |
| Special precautions for user | Yes |
| | |

River transport (AND/ADNR)

(Not examined)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Not Available

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

| H272 | May intensify fire; oxidizer. |
|--------|--|
| H290 | May be corrosive to metals. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled. |
| EUH071 | Corrosive to the respiratory tract. |

Recommended restrictions

Take notice of labels and safety data sheets for the working.

Reference

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

Labelling according to EC Directives 67/548 EEC and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Transportation information according to Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Model

Regulations. Twelfth revised edition. United Nations.

Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the German Social Accident Insurance in Sankt Augustin/Germany, Source: IFA for Databases on hazardous substances (GESTIS).

Further information

Contact to RCI Labscan Limited.

Revision Date

01/07/2021

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process unless specified in the text.