

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

**1.1 Product identifier**

Product name	ACETONITRILE
CAS-No.	75-05-8
Product code	AH1008, AH1009, AH1010, AR1005, BP1005, DN1008, GP1005, IR1005, LC1005, LC1007, LC1219, LC1386, LM1005, LV1005, PC1005, PS1005, RP1005, SG1005, SG1006

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Identified uses	Chemical for analysis and production
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**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Company	RCI LABSCAN LIMITED. 24 Rama 1 Road, Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330 Thailand
Telephone number	(662) 613-7911-4
Fax number	(662) 613-7915

**1.4 Emergency Telephone Number**

Emergency phone	(662) 613-7911-4
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**SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225  
Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302  
Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 4), H312  
Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332  
Eye irritation (Category 2), H319  
For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

**2.2 Label elements**

**Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H302+ H312 + H332	Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statement(s)

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.

P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P261	Avoid breathing fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash hand thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301 + P317	IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty water.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P330	Rinse mouth.
P337 + P317	If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**2.3 Other hazards** None

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Synonyms Methyl cyanide, Cyanomethane, Ethanenitrile.

CAS-No	EC-No	EC-Index-No	Formula	Molecular Weight	Weight %
75-05-8	200-835-2	608-001-00-3	CH <sub>3</sub> CN	41.05 g/mol	<=100

#### Hazardous ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Component	Concentration	Classification
<b>Acetonitrile</b>		
CAS-No 75-05-8 EC-No 200-835-2 EC-Index-No 608-001-00-3	<=100%	Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225 Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302 Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 4), H312 Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332 Eye irritation (Category 2), H319

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. Keep patient warm. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin with soap and water. Obtain medical attention. If signs of poisoning appear, treat as for inhalation. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated combustible material, e.g. clothing ignites more readily and burns fiercely.
Eye contact	If the substance has got into the eyes, immediately wash out with plenty of water at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion                      Rinse mouth. Immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Do not induce vomit. Keep patient warm. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is mouth to mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in section 2.2 and section 11

#### **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Treat as cyanide poisoning. Always have a cyanide first-aid kit and proper instruction on hand. The oneself symptoms is generally delayed pending conversation to Cyanide, Nausea, Vomit, Headache, Dizziness, Rash, Cyanosis, Excitement, Depression, Drowsiness, Impaired Judgment, Lack of Coordination, Stupor and Death.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

#### **Suitable extinguishing media**

Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or water spray. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air at ambient temperature. Flash back possible over considerable distance.

### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

### **5.4 Further information**

Standard procedure for chemical fires. Take measures to prevent electrostatic charging. Prevent firefighting water from entering surface water or groundwater.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear a positive-pressure supplied-air respirator, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Shut off leaks if without risk. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

Contain or absorb leaking liquid with sand or earth, consults an expert. Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits. If substance has entered a water course or sewer or contaminated soil or vegetation, advise police.

### **6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Spillage: May react with combustible substances creating fire or explosion hazard and formation of toxic fumes. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel or chemical absorbent pads). Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits; vapor may create explosive atmosphere. Transfer to covered steel drums. Dispose of promptly.

### **6.4 Reference to other sections**

For disposal see **Section 13**.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep container tightly closed. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not empty into drains.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from incompatible materials. Store in original container. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Application Area	Health Effects	Exposure	Value
Worker	Acute Local effects	Inhalation	68 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Worker	Acute Systemic effects	Inhalation	68 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Worker	Long-term Local effects	Inhalation	68 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Worker	Long-term Systemic effects	Inhalation	68 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Worker	Long-term Systemic effects	Skin contact	32.2 mg/kg Body weight
Consumer	Acute Local effects	Inhalation	22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Consumer	Acute Systemic effects	Ingestion	0.6 mg/kg Body weight
Consumer	Acute Systemic effects	Inhalation	220 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Consumer	Long-term Local effects	Inhalation	4.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Consumer	Long-term Systemic effects	Inhalation	4.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Compartment	Value
Fresh water	10 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	7.53 mg/kg
Marine water	1 mg/l
Sewage treatment plant	32 mg/l
Soil	2.41 mg/kg
Water	10 mg/l

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Ventilation hoods and fans required when working with organic solvents or in hot melt applications.

#### Individual protection measures (Personal protective equipment, PPE)

##### Eye/face protection

Goggles giving complete protection to eyes.

##### Skin protection

Chemical resistant apron / flame retardant antistatic protective clothing, heavy duty work shoes.

Handle with gloves

- Full contact wears gloves from butyl rubber material.
- Splash contact wears gloves from polychloroprene material.

The select protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686 EEC and standard EN 374 derived from it.

**Respiratory protection**

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Required when vapor/aerosols are generated filter A (EN 141 or EN 14387).

**Environmental exposure controls**

Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties****9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance: From	Liquid
: Color	Colorless
Odor	Ether-like
Odor Threshold	Not Available
pH	Not Available
Melting point/range	-45.7°C
Boiling point/range	81.6°C
Flash point	2.0 °C (closed cup)
Evaporation rate	Not Available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Available
Explosion limits: lower	3.0 %(V)
upper	17 %(V)
Vapor Pressure	97 hPa at 20°C
Relative vapor density	1.42
Density	0.786 g/ml at 20°C
Water solubility	Soluble at 20°C
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	log Pow: -0.34
Auto-Ignition temperature	523 °C
Decomposition Temperature	Not Available
Viscosity	0.316 mPa.s at 25°C
Explosive properties	Not Explosive
Oxidizing properties	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1 Reactivity**

Heat-sensitive/decomposition.

**10.2 Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Risk of explosion in contact with sulfuric acid/heat, cyanopropyl nitrate, perchloric acid, metal perchlorates, nitrogen-fluorine-compounds.

The substance can react dangerously with oxidizing agents, acids, perfluoro urea, nitrogen dioxide/catalyst.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Heat, flames and sparks.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Acid, Bases, Oxidizing agents, Reducing agents.

Unsuitable working materials: various plastics, rubber

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

Nitrogen oxides (NOX), carbon oxides, Hydrogen cyanide, Hydrocyanic acid (Hazardous decomposition

products from under fire condition).

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD<sub>50</sub> (oral, rat): 2730-3800 mg/kg

LD<sub>50</sub> (dermal, rabbit): 988 mg/kg

LC<sub>50</sub> (inhalation, rat): 27.3 mg/l/4 h

#### Acute oral toxicity

Absorption: nausea, vomiting, headache, dizziness, spasms, unconsciousness, respiratory arrest, cardiac arrest, dyspnea.

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

Absorption

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Slight irritations danger of skin absorption.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Irritations

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not Available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not Available

#### Carcinogenicity

Not Available

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not Available

#### Teratogenicity

Not Available

#### Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

Not Available

#### Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Not Available

#### Aspiration hazard

Not Available

#### Further information

Systemic effects: nausea, vomiting, headache, dizziness, spasms, unconsciousness, respiratory arrest, cardiac arrest, dyspnea.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

LC<sub>50</sub> P.promelas: 1640 mg/l /96h

Toxicity to daphnia

EC<sub>50</sub> Daphnia magna: >10000 mg/l /24h

and other aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to algae IC<sub>5</sub> Sc.quadricauda: 7300 mg/l/8d

Toxicity to bacteria EC<sub>5</sub> Ps. Putida: 680 mg/l /16d

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability 98%/28 d, Readily biodegradable, according to appropriate OECD test.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) log Pow: -0.34

No bioaccumulation is to be expected (log P o/w <1)

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Not Available

### 12.5 Other adverse effects

Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

There are no uniform EC Regulations for the disposal of chemicals or residues. Chemical residues generally count as special waste. The disposal of the latter is regulated in the EC member countries through corresponding law and regulations. We recommend that you contact either the authorities in charge or approved waste disposal companies which will advise you on how to dispose of special waste or burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations.

#### Contaminated packaging

Disposal in compliance with official regulations. Handle contaminated packaging as hazardous waste in the same way of the substance itself. If not officially specified differently, non-contaminated packaging may be treated like household waste or recycled.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### Land Transport (ADR/RID)

UN Number	1648
UN proper shipping name	ACETONITRILE
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No
Special precautions for user	Yes

### Sea transport (IMDG)

UN Number	1648
UN proper shipping name	ACETONITRILE
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Packing group	II
Marine pollutant	No
Special precautions for user	Yes
EmS	F-E S-D

### Air transport (IATA)

UN Number	1648
UN proper shipping name	ACETONITRILE
Transport hazard class(es)	3

Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No
Special precautions for user	No

**River transport (AND/ADNR)**  
(Not examined)

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or Mixture

Not Available

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 + H312 + H332	Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

### Recommended restrictions

Take notice of labels and safety data sheets for the working. Chemicals Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge.

### Reference

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

Labelling according to EC Directives 67/548 EEC and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Transportation information according to Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Model Regulations. Twelfth revised edition. United Nations.

Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the German Social Accident Insurance in Sankt Augustin/Germany, Source: IFA for Databases on hazardous substances (GESTIS).

### Further information

Contact to RCI Labscan Limited.

### Revision Date

01/09/2021

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process unless specified in the text.